

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicants: Gurney et al.) For: Alzheimer's Disease Secretase, APF) Substrates Therefor, and Uses Thereof
Examiner: S. Turner)
Group: 1647)

DECLARATION OF MICHAEL BIENKOWSKI, Ph.D. PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

I, Michael Jerome Bienkowski, Ph.D., hereby declare as follows:

I. Introduction

- 1. I am a co-inventor of Asp2 subject matter claimed in various patent applications filed by Pharmacia & Upjohn. I make this declaration to provide information to the Patent Office that may be relevant to patent issues relating to enzymatically active, "transmembrane-deleted" forms (ATM) of the Asp2 protein and polynucleotides which encode such protein. When I refer to "I" or "we" in this declaration, I mean me and/or my co-inventors and/or people working under our direction at Pharmacia & Upjohn.
- 2. The term "Asp2" is the name that we gave to aspartyl protease polynucleotides and polypeptides that we isolated and described in the patent applications. At least two human and one murine form of Asp2 are taught in the patent applications. Through experiments described in the patent applications we demonstrated that Asp2 exhibits proteolytic activity towards amyloid precursor protein (APP) involved in processing APP into amyloid beta $(A\beta)$, a peptide implicated in Alzheimer's Disease pathology.

Cloning of Asp2 and Identifying the Asp2 transmembrane domain

3. My co-inventors and I performed and/or directed experiments which resulted in the identification and cloning of human Asp2 cDNAs. Our earliest experiments did not immediately yield full-length Asp2 cDNAs. We first obtained and sequenced two

partial clones denoted as clone 4386993 (hereinafter '438) and clone 2696295 (hereinafter '259). As explained in our patent applications, Clone '438 contains additional codons sequence at its 5' end relative to clone '269, but Clone '269 contains 25 additional codons (75 basepairs) as an internal insertion relative to Clone '438. (These 25 codons represent the difference between the long and short forms of full length human Asp2 in Figures 2 and 3 of the patent applications.)

- 4. After we sequenced the '438 and '269 clones we aligned the sequences with sequences of other aspartyl proteases as part of our analysis of them. From these alignments and other analysis we deduced that these sequences were incomplete cDNA sequences that were truncated at the 5' end (the amino-terminus of the encoded polypeptide). Computer-aided analysis of the predicted amino acid sequences indicated that the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by both '438 and '269 contained the DTG/DSG sequences indicative of the aspartyl protease active site, and were complete to the carboxyl-terminus of the encoded polypeptide.
- 5. By analyzing the partial Asp2 sequence from the '438 and '269 clones coscribed in paragraph 3, we deduced that Asp2 contained a transmembrane domain. Our U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/101,594, filed September 24, 1998, describes the analysis as follows:

Routine computer-aided analysis of the predicted amino acid sequence of Hu-Asp2a and Hu-Asp2(b) for secondary structure motifs resulted in detection of a predicted transmembrane domain in each polypeptide, which corresponds to Hu-Asp2(a) amino acid residues 367-392 of SEQ ID NO: 4, and of the sequence given in Figure 2, and to Hu-Asp 2(b) amino acid residues 392-417 of SEQ ID NO: 6, and of the sequence given in Figure 3.

(See U.S. Provisional Application No.60/101,594 at p. 20.)

As I explain in greater detail below, the stated location of the transmembrane sequences (367-392) and (392-417), through an inadvertent error, do not correspond to the transmembrane regions of the full length human Asp2(a) and Asp2(b) proteins shown in the Figures, and standing alone, these numbers would not serve as a basis for identifying the transmembrane region of the human Asp2 sequences. However, our routine computer-aided

entilysis did, in fact, permit us to identify the Asp2 transmembrane region, and a molecular biologist of ordinary ability who read the application and (through the guidance of the application) performed his/her own routine computer-aided analysis would have identified the correct location of the transmembrane region in our Asp2 sequences.

- 6. Through our continued research we ultimately cloned additional 5' (amino terminal) cDNA sequence for the two human Asp2 enzyme isoforms. As reported in our patent applications, the longer full length human Asp2 cDNA has 501 codons.¹ (Figure 3 of the patent applications.) As correctly reported in our 1999 patent applications, the transmembrane domain of this Asp2 clone spans approximately residues 455 to 477 of the full length Asp2 sequence.
- application occurred because our research team had performed some of the routine computeraided analysis on a partial Asp2 sequence from the '438 clone, and reported the data from this
 analysis for the full length Asp2 clone in the patent application. The analysis of the partial
 sequence from the '438 clone indicated that the transmembrane domain corresponded
 approximately to residues 367-392 of the partial sequence. (See Exhibit A hereto, which is a
 computer-assisted analysis of Asp2 (clone '438) sequence for possible transmembrane
 domains, performed prior to September 24, 1998, which indicates a likely TM region at about
 367-392 of the sequenced analyzed.) I believe that the numbers from this analysis of the '438
 partial sequence were reported in the 60/155,493 application for the full length short form
 (Figure 2) of human Asp2.² Since the patent application reported the full length Asp2
 sequences, the numbers that were generated using the '438 clone partial sequence should
 have been adjusted upward for the patent application, to account for the extra codons at the
 beginning of the full length clone that were missing from the '438 clone partial sequence

An Asp2 splice variant described in our patent application has 476 codons by virtue of the internal deletion of 25 codons described above in paragraph 3. (Figure 2 of the patent applications.) As reported correctly our 1999 patent applications, the transmembrane domain of this sequence corresponds approximately to residues 430-452.

An upward adjustment of these numbers (by 25 codons) was used for the long form of Asp2 (Figure 3).

analyzed. But, through inadvenent error when preparing the patent application, this adjustment was not made.

- 8. In my opinion, this error would have been apparent to an average scientist in the field who evaluated the application, as would the proper correction of the error. In particular, it is commonly understood by molecular biologists that a transmembrane domain is characterized by a stretch of about 20-25 mostly hydrophobic amino acids. When a biologist read the application's teaching that Asp2 had a transmembrane domain near the carboxy-terminus and then examined the sequence to look for that transmembrane domain, it would have been readily apparent that the transmembrane domain was at about residues 455-477 (of Figure 3), and not residues 392-417.
- III. Invention-related activity for Asp2 ATM polynucleotides and polypeptides.
- 9. The attorneys for Pharmacia & Upjohn have asked me to authenticate and discuss certain documents relating to our Asp2 invention.
- Application No. 60/161,594. These excerpts establish that, on or before our filing date of September 24, 1998, we had possession of two human Asp2 cDNA and deduced Asp2 amino acid sequences (Figures 2 and 3) and determined various Asp2 structural features, including the presence of a transmembrane domain. It shows that we contemplated vectors and host cells for recombinant production of Asp2 polypeptides and enzymatically active polypeptide fragments (see, e.g., pp. 4, 5, and 9), and that we contemplated Asp2 antibodies (see, e.g., pp. 4, 12.) It shows that we contemplated expression of Asp2 in a variety of expression systems, including prokaryotes such as E. coli (pp. 9 and 10), yeasts such as S. cerevisiae (pp. 9, 11), and higher eukaryotes such as insect cell systems and mammalian systems, including COS cells, CHO cells, and human cells (see, e.g., pp. 9, 11-12).
- 11. Exhibit C hereto is a copy of a page from a Pharmacia & Upjohn interoffice memo from prior to our September 24, 1998, filing date, containing a report on the Human Asp2 project. Among other things, this except shows that, prior to September 24,

1993, we had engineered the Asp2 open reading frame (ORF) from the '438 and '269 clones to remove the transmembrane domains, and that we had inserted these ΔTM constructs into an E. coli expression vector pQE30.

- 12. Exhibit D hereto are copies of pages from a Pharmacia & Upjohn laboratory notebook. These pages establish that, prior to December 31, 1998, we had made a human Asp 2 ATM construct containing the DNA sequence coding for human Asp2 amino acids 1-454 (long form shown in Figure 3 of patent applications) in a baculovirus expression vector pVL 1393 (hu Asp 2 ATM pVL 1393) for expression in SF9 insect cells. This construct was sent for sequencing and the sequence was confirmed. Exhibit E hereto are copies of pages from a Pharmacia & Upjohn laboratory notebook. These pages establish that after December 31, 1998, we had made similar constructs with 6-histidine tags to facilitate protein purification.
- 13. Exhibit F hereto are copies of pages from Pharmacia & Upjohn laboratory notebooks which show that, prior to March 26, 1999, we had expressed human Acp2 ATM protein (without ß secretase enzyme activity) in E. Coli to make antibodies for use in testing of recombinant expression of human Asp2 ATM in other cell types.
- 14. Exhibit G hereto are copies of pages from a Pharmacia & Upjohn laboratory notebook which show that, prior to March 26, 1999, we had made, isolated, and scalled-up preparations of viral plaques for production of a human Asp2 ATM construct in SF9 insect cells.
- 15. Exhibit H hereto contains copies of pages from a Pharmacia & Upjohn laboratory notebook which show that, after December 31, 1998, and prior to June 15, 1999, and prior to September 23, 1999, the scale-up results from SF9 were analyzed. Exhibit I are copies of a Pharmacia and Upjohn laboratory notebook showing a gel depicting the results of such analysis. A clean band of human Asp2 ΔTM expressed protein was identified by Western blot as shown in the notebook. This band is believed to contain active human ΔTM Asp2 1-454 protein expressed in the SF9 system.

- 16. Exhibit J are copies of pages from a Pharmacia & Upjohn laboratory notebook showing that, after March 26, 1999, but prior to September 23, 1999, we excised the 1-454 Asp2 ATM coding segment from the pVL 1393 vector described above, inserted it into PIZ vector, and expressed this Asp2 ATM construct in High Five Cells. We tested this recombinant human Asp2 ATM protein and showed that it retained human Asp2 enzymatic activity. This work is also generally described in the patent applications that we filed on September 23, 1999, including PCT/US99/20881, U.3. Provisional Application No. 60/155,493, and U.S. Application Serial No. 09/404,133.
- 17. As shown in part by the representative documents referred to in the preceding paragraphs, during the period prior to September 24, 1998, until September 23, 1999, we were engaged in substantially continuous activity to make enzymatically active human Asp2 protein lacking a transmembrane domain, using materials and methods that we had contemplated in our September 24, 1998, patent application and/or had produced by that September 24, 1998 filing date.

IV. Certification

18. I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Date: November 30, 2001

Michael Jerome Bienkowski, Ph.D



Figure 3 Alignment of Prosite Aspartyl protease consensus sequence with active site motifs in Hu_Asp-2

[LIVMFGAC] - [LIVMTADN] - [LIVFSA] -D-[ST] -G-[STAV] - [STAPDENQ] -X-[LIVMFSTNC] -X-[LIVMFGTA]

N-Terminal motif:

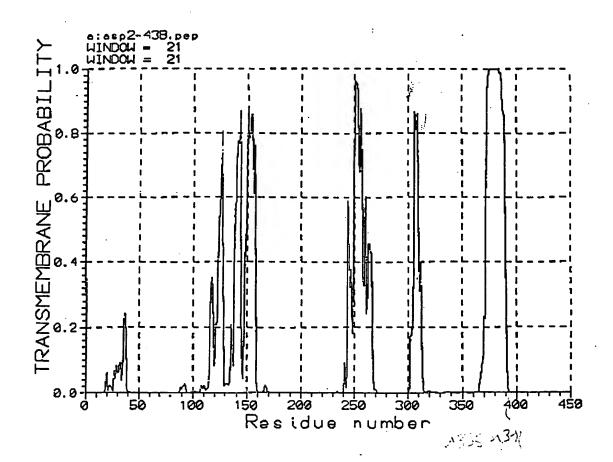
ILVDTGSSNFAV

[LIVMFGAC] - [LIVMTADN] - [LIVFSA] -D-[ST] -G-[STAV] - [STAPDENQ] -X-[LIVMFSTNC] -X-[LIVMFGTA]

C-Terminal motif:

SIVDSGTTNLRL

Figure 4



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In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecules comprise a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of residues 21-1290 of SEQ ID NO:1, encoding Hu-Asp1, residues 84-1325 of SEQ ID NO:3, encoding Hu-Asp2(a), and residues 84-1400 of SEQ ID NO:5, encoding Hu-Asp2(b). In another aspect, the invention provides an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a polynucleotide which hybridizes under stringent conditions to a polynucleotide encoding Hu-Asp1, Hu-Asp2(a), Hu-Asp-2(b), or fragments thereof. European patent application EP 0 848 062 discloses a polypeptide referred to as "Asp 1," that bears substantial homology to Hu-Asp1, while international application WO 98/22597 discloses a polypeptide referred to as "Asp 2," that bears substantial homology to Hu-Asp2a.

The present invention also provides vectors comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the invention, host cells into which such vectors have been introduced, and recombinant methods of obtaining a Hu-Asp1, Hu-Asp2(a), or Hu-Asp2(b) polypeptide comprising culturing the above-described host cell and isolating the relevant polypeptide.

In another aspect, the invention provides isolated Hu-Asp1, Hu-Asp2(a), and Hu-Asp2(b) polypeptides, as well as fragments thereof. In a preferred embodiment, the Hu-Asp1. Hu-Asp2(a), and Hu-Asp2(b) polypeptides have the amino acid sequence given in SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, or SEQ ID NO:6, respectively. Isolated antibodies, both polyclonal and monoclonal, that bind specifically to any of the Hu-Asp1, Hu-Asp2(a), and Hu-Asp2(b) polypeptides of the invention are also provided.

The invention also provides a method for the identification of an agent that modulates the activity of any of Hu-Asp-1, Hu-Asp2(a), and Hu-Asp2(b).

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

- Figure 1 shows the nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:1) and predicted amino Figure 1: acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:2) of human Asp1.
 - Figure 2 shows the nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:3) and predicted amino Figure 2: acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:4) of human Asp2(a).
- Figure 3 shows the nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:5) and predicted amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:6) of human Asp2(b). The predicted transmembrane domain of Figure 3: 30 Hu-Asp2(b) is enclosed in brackets.
 - Figure 4 shows the sequence (SEQ ID NO:) of APP695 C-terminus Figure 4: after addition of the di-Lys motif using "patch" PCR.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention describes a method to scan gene data bases for the simple active site motif characteristic of aspartyl proteases. Eukaryotic aspartyl proteases such as pepsin and renin possess a two domain structure which folds to bring two aspartyl residues into proximity within the active site. These are embedded in the short tripeptide motif DTG, or more rarely, DSG. Most aspartyl proteases occur as proenzyme whose N-terminus must be cleaved for activation. The DTG or DSG active site motif appears at about residue 65-70 in the proenzyme (prorenin, pepsinogen), but at about residue 25-30 in the active enzyme after cleavage of the N-terminal prodomain. The limited length of the active site motif makes it difficult to search collections of short, expressed sequence tags (EST) for novel aspartyl proteases. EST sequences typically average 250 nucleotides or less, and so would encode 80-90 amino acid residues or less. That would be too short a sequence to span the two active site motifs. The preferred method is to scan data bases of hypothetical or assembled protein coding sequences. The present invention describes a computer method to identify candidate aspartyl proteases in protein sequence data bases. The method was used to identify seven candidate aspartyl protease sequences in the Caenorhabditis elegans genome. These sequences were then used to identify by homology search Hu-Asp1 and two alternative splice variants of Hu-Asp2, designated herein as Hu-Asp2(a) and Hu-Asp2(b).

In another embodiment, the invention provides isolated nucleic acid molecules comprising a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of human aspartyl protease 1 (Hu-Asp1) and two alternative splice variants of human aspartyl protease 2 (Hu-Asp2), designated herein as Hu-Asp2(a) and Hu-Asp2(b). As used herein, all references to "Hu-Asp2" should be understood to refer to both Hu-Asp2(a) and Hu-Asp2(b). Hu-Asp1 is expressed most abundantly inpancreas and prostate tissues, while Hu-Asp2(a) and Hu-Asp2(b) are expressed most abundantly in pancreas and brain tissues, with low levels of expression observed in all other tissues examined except thymus and PBLs. The invention also provides isolated Hu-Asp1, Hu-Asp2(a), and Hu-Asp2(b) polypeptides, as well as fragments thereof which exhibit aspartyl protease activity.

The predicted amino acid sequences of Hu-Asp1, Hu-Asp2(a) and Hu-Asp2(b) share significant homology with previously identified mammalian aspartyl proteases such as pepsinogen A, pepsinogen B, cathepsin D, cathepsin E, and renin. P.B.Szecs, Scand. J. Clin. Lab. Invest. 52:(Suppl. 210 5-22 (1992)). These enzymes are characterized by the The Hu-Asp1 and HuAsp2 presence of a duplicated DTG/DSG sequence motif.

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may be similar to or significantly different from a native Hu-Asp polypeptide in molecular weight and glycosylation pattern. Expression of Hu-Asp in bacterial expression systems will provide non-glycosylated Hu-Asp.

The polypeptides of the present invention are preferably provided in an isolated form, and preferably are substantially purified. Hu-Asp polypeptides may be recovered and purified from recombinant cell cultures by well-known methods, including ammonium sulfate or ethanol precipitation, anion or cation exchange chromatography, phosphocellulose chromatography, hydrophobic interaction chromatography, affinity chromatography, hydroxylapatite chromatography and lectin chromatography. In a preferred embodiment, high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) is employed for purification.

The present invention also relates to vectors comprising the polynucleotide molecules of the invention, as well as host cell transformed with such vectors. Any of the polynucleotide molecules of the invention may be joined to a vector, which generally includes a selectable marker and an origin of replication, for propagation in a host. Because the invention also provides Hu-Asp polypeptides expressed from the polynucleotide molecules described above, vectors for the expression of Hu-Asp are preferred. The vectors include DNA encoding any of the Hu-Asp polypeptides described above or below, operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory sequences, such as those derived from a mammalian, microbial, viral, or insect gene. Examples of regulatory sequences include transcriptional promoters, operators, or enhancers, mRNA ribosomal binding sites, and appropriate sequences which control transcription and translation. Nucleotide sequences are operably linked when the regulatory sequence functionally relates to the DNA encoding Hu-Asp. Thus, a promoter nucleotide sequence is operably linked to a Hu-Asp DNA sequence if the promoter nucleotide sequence directs the transcription of the Hu-Asp sequence.

Selection of suitable vectors to be used for the cloning of polynucleotide molecules encoding Hu-Asp, or for the expression of Hu-Asp polypeptides, will of course depend upon the host cell in which the vector will be transformed, and, where applicable, the host cell from which the Hu-Asp polypeptide is to be expressed. Suitable host cells for expression of Hu-Asp polypeptides include prokaryotes, yeast, and higher eukaryotic cells, each of which is discussed below.

The Hu-Asp polypeptides to be expressed in such host cells may also be fusion proteins which include regions from heterologous proteins. Such regions may be included to

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allow, e.g., secretion, improved stability, or facilitated purification of the polypeptide. For example, a sequence encoding an appropriate signal peptide can be incorporated into expression vectors. A DNA sequence for a signal peptide (secretory leader) may be fused in-frame to the Hu-Asp sequence so that Hu-Asp is translated as a fusion protein comprising the signal peptide. A signal peptide that is functional in the intended host cell promotes extracellular secretion of the Hu-Asp polypeptide. Preferably, the signal sequence will be cleaved from the Hu-Asp polypeptide upon secretion of Hu-Asp from the cell. Non-limiting examples of signal sequences that can be used in practicing the invention include the yeast I-factor and the honeybee melatin leader in sf9 insect cells.

In a preferred embodiment, the Hu-Asp polypeptide will be a fusion protein which includes a heterologous region used to facilitate purification of the polypeptide. Many of the available peptides used for such a function allow selective binding of the fusion protein to a binding partner. For example, the Hu-Asp polypeptide may be modified to comprise a peptide to form a fusion protein which specifically binds to a binding partner, or peptide tag. Non-limiting examples of such peptide tags include the 6-His tag, thioredoxin tag, hemaglutinin tag, GST tag, and OmpA signal sequence tag. As will be understood by one of skill in the art, the binding partner which recognizes and binds to the peptide may be any molecule or compound including metal ions (e.g., metal affinity columns), antibodies, or fragments thereof, and any protein or peptide which binds the peptide, such as the FLAG tag. 20...

Suitable host cells for expression of Hu-Asp polypeptides include prokaryotes, yeast, and higher eukaryotic cells. Suitable prokaryotic hosts to be used for the expression of Hu-Asp include bacteria of the genera Escherichia, Bacillus, and Salmonella, as well as members of the genera Pseudomonas, Streptomyces, and Staphylococcus. For expression in, e.g., E. coli, a Hu-Asp polypeptide may include an N-terminal methionine residue to facilitate expression of the recombinant polypeptide in a prokaryotic host. The N-terminal Met may optionally then be cleaved from the expressed Hu-Asp polypeptide.

Expression vectors for use in prokaryotic hosts generally comprise one or more phenotypic selectable marker genes. Such genes generally encode, e.g., a protein that confers antibiotic resistance or that supplies an auxotrophic requirement. A wide variety of such vectors are readily available from commercial sources. Examples include pSPORT vectors, pGEM vectors (Promega), pPROEX vectors (LTI, Bethesda, MD), Bluescript vectors (Stratagene), and pQE vectors (Qiagen).

Hu-Asp may also be expressed in yeast host cells from genera including Saccharomyces, Pichia, and Kluveromyces. Preferred yeast hosts are S. cerevisiae and P. pastoris. Yeast vectors will often contain an origin of replication sequence from a 2T yeast plasmid, an autonomously replicating sequence (ARS), a promoter region, sequences for polyadenylation, sequences for transcription termination, and a selectable marker gene. Vectors replicable in both yeast and E. coli (termed shuttle vectors) may also be used. In addition to the above-mentioned features of yeast vectors, a shuttle vector will also include sequences for replication and selection in E. coli. Direct secretion of Hu-Asp polypeptides expressed in yeast hosts may be accomplished by the inclusion of nucleotide sequence encoding the yeast I-factor leader sequence at the 5' end of the Hu-Asp-encoding nucleotide sequence.

Insect host cell culture systems may also be used for the expression of Hu-Asp polypeptides. In a preferred embodiment, the Hu-Asp polypeptides of the invention are expressed using a baculovirus expression system (see Example 3). Further information regarding the use of baculovirus systems for the expression of heterologous proteins in insect cells are reviewed by Luckow and Summers, Bio/Technology 6:47 (1988).

In another preferred embodiment, the Hu-Asp polypeptide is expressed in mammalian host cells. Non-limiting examples of suitable mammalian cell lines include the COS-7 line of monkey kidney cells (Gluzman et al., Cell 23:175 (1981)) and Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells. Preferably, human embryonic kidney cell line 293 is used for expression of Hu-Asp proteins.

The choice of a suitable expression vector for expression of the Hu-Asp polypeptides of the invention will of course depend upon the specific mammalian host cell to be used, and is within the skill of the ordinary artisan. Examples of suitable expression vectors include pcDNA3 (Invitrogen) and pSVL (Pharmacia Biotech). A preferred vector for expression of Hu-Asp polypeptides is pBK-CMV (Stratagene). Expression vectors for use in mammalian host cells may include transcriptional and translational control sequences derived from viral genomes. Commonly used promoter sequences and enhancer sequences which may be used in the present invention include, but are not limited to, those derived from human cytomegalovirus (CMV), Adenovirus 2, Polyoma virus, and Simian virus 40 (SV40). Methods for the construction of mammalian expression vectors are disclosed, for example, in Okayama and Berg (Mol. Cell. Biol. 3:280 (1983)); Cosman et al. (Mol. Immunol.

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23:935 (1986)); Cosman et al. (Nature 312:768 (1984)); EP-A-0367566; and WO 91/18982.

The polypeptides of the present invention may also be used to raise polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies, which are useful in diagnostic assays for detecting Hu-Asp polypeptide expression. Such antibodies may be prepared by conventional techniques. See, for example, Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, Harlow and Land (eds.), Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., (1988); Monoclonal Antibodies, Hybridomas: A New Dimension in Biological Analyses, Kennet et al. (eds.), Plenum Press, New York (1980).

The Hu-Asp nucleic acid molecules of the present invention are also valuable for chromosome identification, as they can hybridize with a specific location on a human chromosome. Hu-Asp1 has been localized to chromosome 21, while Hu-Asp2 has been localized to chromosome 11. There is a current need for identifying particular sites on the chromosome, as few chromosome marking reagents based on actual sequence data (repeat polymorphisms) are presently available for marking chromosomal location. Once a sequence has been mapped to a precise chromosomal location, the physical position of the sequence on the chromosome can be correlated with genetic map data. The relationship between genes and diseases that have been mapped to the same chromosomal region can then be identified through linkage analysis, wherein the coinheritance of physically adjacent genes is determined. Whether a gene appearing to be related to a particular disease is in fact the cause of the disease can then be determined by comparing the nucleic acid sequence between affected and unaffected individuals.

In another embodiment, the invention relates to a method for the identification of an agent that increases the activity of a Hu-Asp polypeptide selected from the group consisting of Hu-Asp1, Hu-Asp2(a), and Hu-Asp2(b), the method comprising

- (a) determining the activity of said Hu-Asp polypeptide in the presence of a test agent and in the absence of a test agent; and
- (b) comparing the activity of said Hu-Asp polypeptide determined in the presence of said test agent to the activity of said Hu-Asp polypeptide determined in the absence of said test agent;

whereby a higher level of activity in the presence of said test agent than in the absence of said test agent indicates that said test agent has increased the activity of said Hu-Asp polypeptide.

FIGURE 2

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INTEROFFICE MEMO Page 3 of 5

coding sequence of Hu_Asp-1 has been prepared and the predicted amino acid sequence, aligned with both the short and long forms of Hu_Asp-2, is attached. This splice variant of Hu_Asp-1 encodes a 521 amino acid polypeptide including a 27 residue signal peptide so the pro-form of the enzyme contains 76 amino acid residues upstream of the first active site motif. This upstream sequence also contains a third DSG motif. Alignment of the sequence surrounding this upstream DSG with the ProSite motif for aspartyl proteases revealed a poor match while the other two DTG/DSG motifs showed a good match. Alignment, with Hu_Asp-2 sequences using the Clustal W algorithm highlights two major differences between Hu_Asp-1 and Hu_Asp-2; the NH₂ terminal extension in Hu_Asp-1 is much longer and that Hu_Asp-1 appears to be more like the long form of Hu_Asp-2. The longest stretches of amino acid identity align with the two aspartyl protease active site motifs although other areas of conservation are also scored.

Finally, the Hu_Asp-1 gene was localized to human Chromosome 21 by hybridization to a Southern blot containing a series of mouse/human or hamster/human somatic cell hybrids (attached).

Hu_Asp-2, Mary provided an inventory of the expression constructs for Hu_Asp-2 (attached). The entire ORF of both the short (438) and long forms (269) of Hu_Asp-2 have be engineered into the mammalian cell expression vector pBK-CMV. Also, both the short

and long forms, with the COOH-terminal transmembrane domain deleted, have been prepared as NH₂ terminal 6His-fusions in the *E-coli* expression vector pQE30. Finally, the entire ORF from the short form of Hu_Asp-2 has been cloned downstream of the ecdysone-inducible promoter in the vector pIND and in a polycistronic fusion with GFP (pIRESGFP) for mammalian cell expression studies.

Hu Asp-3 and Hu Asp-4— Queries of the LifeSeq Assembled database with the sequences of either Hu Asp-1 or Hu Asp-2 identified (1) gene bins with exact matches to the query sequences, (2) gene bins matching the 5 known human aspartyl proteases [pepsinogen A, pepsinogen C, cathepsin D, cathepsin E and renin], and (3) three gene bins with significant homology [242842, 242824, 39511], in descending order of significance. Translation of the longest assembled templates contained within these gene bins revealed that they each encoded polypeptides containing the duplicated active site motif that is the hallmark of mammalian aspartyl proteases. Alignment of the predicted amino acid sequences for templates 451054.3 and 451034.4 showed that they were very similar with approximately 90% sequence identity at the amino acid level (attached). Template 126360 was most related to 451054.3 and 451034.4, with approximately 70% shared identity. Consistent with the nomenclature initiated previously, the genes represented by Incyte templates 451054.3, 451034.4, and 126360 are referred to as Hu Asp-3, Hu Asp-4a and Hu Asp-5, respectively. Template 451034.2 appeared to be a splice variant of 450134.4 with a 25 amino acid (75 bp) insertion near the CO₂H-terminus (data not shown). The cDNAs that defined the 5'-most sequence of each of these templates were identified, obtained for sequence analysis and determination of the tissue distribution of expression of transcripts derived from these genes. The Hu Asp-3 probe visualized a single 1.6 kb transcript that showed a limited expression pattern that was expressed at the highest levels in lung, immunological tissues (spleen, thymus and PBLs), and kidney (attached). No expression of Hu Asp-3 transcripts was detected in whole brain while a weak signal was observed in several brain regions including the medulla, spinal cord and putamen (attached). These results were consistent with the expression pattern determined by EST sequencing in LifeSeq Assembled (39 ESTs) which indicated highest expression in the hematopoietic/imr category (41%) and the nervous category being the second highest (16%). The Hu Asp-4 p visualized a similar pattern of transcript size and abundance except that the signal was mos in lung tissue. No transcripts were detected in either whole brain or selected brain regions 1 conditions used in these experiments. A survey of expression using LifeSeq Assembled (1' indicated that 93% of the ESTs that comprise the Hu Asp-4 template were derived from r

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asp2not cgc TTT gcgccccc TCA C	Extract, ppt. Digist my 83 ul H20 10 ul 10 x = 3. 10 ul
CCGATCCCGGGTACCTTCTAGAATTCCCGAGGCCCCCTCCAGATCT CCCTAGGCCCCATGGAAGATCTTAGGACTCCCGGGGCGACGTCTAGA asp2Bam CGC TTT GGA TCC GCC AC BAM asp2not-tm CGC TTT GCGGCCGC CTA T NoT ** Remains Persons Asp2not CGC TTT GCGCCGCCGACGTCTAGA Rep2not CGC TTT GCGGCCGC CTA T NoT ** Remains Persons Remains Persons Remains Persons Remains Persons Remains Persons Rep2not CGC TTT GCGACGCCGCCTCAGATCT Rep2not CGC TTT GCGGCCGC CTA T NoT ** Remains Persons Remai	Extract, ppt Digest up 83 ul H20 10 ul 10 x ± 3 ALL AND GOC CAR GOC CTG CCC TGG 12 Ul Ram 13 ul Not 15 E D T Q = review Compliment 15 E D T Q = review Compliment 16 CETT CAG CAG GGA GAT GTC ATC 16 K L S I = review Compliment 17 Ul 1393 (160 ng) 4 ul 9 18 p2 Im BAM HAT 130 ng = 6 14 (0 /W)
Read and understood by me	Extract, ppt. Digist my 83 ul H20 10 ul 10 x = 3. 10 ul

·	
TF DH5, wy Zul Plate on LBFAn	
1	
Pick CFUS # ALLAN for long form PCR w/ Asp2-1 -> Asp2-2 See p. 114 - Looks good 1 # 7 Plate total - In th	- Im had no CFUS \$1-8)
PCR wy Aspz-1 - Aspz-2	
Plate date 0 - Las +f)
No -Im I's : Ck frag op @ go	l - lighter than expect - Set up new
-Im ligation: Jul pVh 1393 (80ng) level Asp2-tm (~5	(500) 14°C 0(W)
Jul 10 K	
I pel ligase	
TI. DUS . 112 0 00 to an ID. A.	··
TF DH5, wf 2nl plate on LB. Am Pick 28 CFUS & PCP w/ Asp 2-1 Asp 2-Imp VL1393 Big PCR Asp 2-1 - 2-4 Pick #2/	1 & Asp 2-4 (42760)
Asp2-ImpVL1393 Big Dec.	
13924 - 2-4 Pick 2/	n Cs pup - MJB
	
War Dan	vested Cs preps - lots of debris in Lubes
Σy	ract, dialipse etc.
	Conc by 00: (Asp Z p VL 1393 = 1.37 ug/nd) Asp Z ATM p VL 1393 = 0.93 ug/
Jest	- dignot w/ BAM+Nat @37°C O/N
	Baculo expression & Roger
	La Seg Confirmation
	Seq of = TM Constructs
	is Correct (Int Change that
Dard and and anneal burns	
Read and understood by me	Date
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Deneration of 6-His tagged Asp 2 Baculo Construct	<u>s </u>
- We have previously prepared Asp> ± TM (full lengths- in the bacula expression vector pVL1393.	Signal, pro etc).
- We have recieved the first Clones for Aspl+TM & Aspl has been analysed by PAGE ! Western	
a for of protein being produced & is associated to see a social like Story like Cant San	if the
a for of protein being produced & is associated the Sf9 cells. At this Stage we can't Say signal sequence is being clipped, if it's associated or free in the cytosol	membrane
- Onlice pating deficulty in the purification of	<u> </u>
- anticipating difficulity in the purification of a Decreted, non-Lagged protein I will design that incorporate a C-term le lis. The Primers be no pag #105 northweet 31942 by 6 his added.	primers
be no pag \$105 nothbook 31942 by 6 his added	·
Asp2net—In His: COCTIT gragerac CTA-(ATQ)x6-	S E TgA-CTC
AspZnot lis: Cqc TTT qcqqccqc-TCA-(ATg)xb-CTT-CAq-	CAY-99A-9AT-
27829-001 60 DST 8.20 18515.0 91.5 32.5 34.5 807.8 43.5 Moderate No COCTTTGCGGCCGCCTAATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGATGAT	ATGTGACTCATCTGTCTGTGGAATGTTG -
PCR 100 ng July AspZpcDNA3. Ihyppe+®	-
32 nl H, O	15 cycles) 9700
SuldNTR XZ	9700
15 ul Asp2 Bam	
1.5 nl Asp2 not - Im His on Asp2 not His Inl Duso I	,
Extract i pot runs. Resuspend + Im in 4/ultio	<u> </u>
Extract : ppt rx rs. Resuspend = tm in 4/11/120 5,10x#3	137°C-
Regardend and extract by Court of 1970 Zul Not	1 om
WY JON	

dear

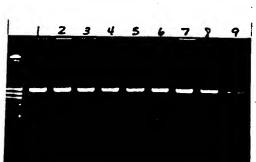
SPACES

PLEASE

Pro Asp 2 p Q E 70 Analysis
See 31942 p. 145-148 for construction, etc.
4 CFUS from the Asp2pQE70 mp. #6 / MI5(pREP) transformation were picked & grown & induced by ImM IPTG. The induction was not obvious.
Next actions: Digest mp #6 looped op : Dend up for segmencing Perus more sample To/Ty on a 10 well gel.
Revan 10 pl of To/Ty samples after mechanically shearing W/ a 22g needle followed by reboiling 5'. The induced time points pinched & smeared while the To's looked ox. Induction of a single band with obvious -
Induction of a single band lant obvious - The #le mp DNA was submitted for Signy 12r, 13f, 14f, 15r, 16f, pQE3or laked Pro70 - pQE70 forward (pQE promotor) primer was ordered.
Oblained preliminary Sig from Regis There are 2 bp deleted é a substitution brelative do the correct Sig.
Roger "Jound" the 2bp deletion - but the 1st Sub- Stitution which Changes N -> T can't be read from either Strand: resubmit up primer # 16f & give Roger 2x1/ul DNA 50 he can add Some of his own Asp2 primers
Jerry Said the Damples were dropped - resubmitted this A.M.
Even if Hore is as amino acid substitution, I Should be making & inducing a protein since all is in frame wout STOPS
Read and understood by me Date the Sog (Correct)

Pick 9 CFU from Asp2 pQE70[HISpREP] & PCR to verify inserts wy 2-70-Spn & 2.70-Bam for 35 cycles:

Asp2pQE70[MISp REP] 2-70-Spn = 2-70-Ban



All are positive as would be Uppeted Since the M15's were of wy supercoiled mp # le DNA.

Moc2x5ml LB+100mg/ml Amp + 25mg/ml Kan w/ #1-4 - Drow 21/2 hrs - Freeze 1x5ml aliquot

IPIG induce the other (IMH) for 3 hrs - Freeze Culture

Than cultures Ck OD of Inl (*: IPTG induced)

1 0.464

2 0.554

3 0.475

4 0.428

*1 0.823

*****2 0.895

*3 0.928

×4 0.921

pullet Inl ~ 0.500

pellet 0.5 ml ~ 0.5,0

resuspend in 50 ul E+/SDS D100°C 5' Add 15 ul 420 25 ul 4x NuPAGE S.B. 10 ul reducing agent

Run 2 NuPAGE 10% MES gels wy 10 ul of each sample marker 1 1°, 2.2° etc double marker.

Stain I gel in Collodeal blue. Western blot I gel - probe wy Pierce INDIA His-Probe Super Signal

Stain shows no obvious induction, but the Us-probe clearly picks up an induced band in all 4 clones.

A very faint band can be seen that corresponds

Chil

ProAsp2-TMpQE70 Expression in E. coli - N m & Lnoc 400ml hB. Amp. Kan w/ #1. Drow @ 37° Co/N Drow 4 liters LB+Amp+Kan elnoc each wy 100me 0/N Ni2+Activated HRP probed Coomassie stained culture Draw 21/2 hrs Induce wy IPTG to ImM Spin down bugg & transfer to M. Aairbanks Mike saip he sees the His signal in the <u>Soluble</u> fraction—but at very <u>low levels</u>

Till try a time colvise to try i boost expression In an effort to boost upression- Try a time course & Switch Wb Clone # 2 5 ml LB + 25 mg/me Kan + 100 mg/ncl Hmp Inoc 8×5 ml hB+ 200 mg/me AMP+ 25 mg/me Kan w/ 50 ml o/N Drow@ 37°C Z1/2 Nrs Induce 4×5ml wy 1mH IPTG 4×5ml wy 2mM IPTG Collect time points @ /hr, 2hr, 4hr, 9/N -> Store on ine 64°C ck od A600 of each culture. Pellet 100 of each & gior to M. Fairbanks for analysis M. Fairbanks peports no expression. Mons Henrickson reports that Jordon Jange Collegues

Ecoli Expression: Asp 2 Pro Form
Ordered the oligos to allow sypression of the Proform minus the TM in E cali using the Giagen victor page 70
The 5'oligo will incorporate an ATG embedded in an SpnI site, then Start with the amino acid sequence QHGIRL
The 3' oligo will add a Bam HI site immediately 3' to the last amino acid 5' to the TM. The 6 His tag will be incorporated on the C-terminus by the vector
PGE-70 CONTIGUOSATICAGATCI MAGCITAATTAGCTGAG
the prefere of any transfered at the transmembrane with a 8' sphi and a 1' hourst site in the glapes vector porto Basil
Jul-100ng template 5 ul 10xPus buffur 1.5 ul Sph primer 1.5 ul Bam HI primer 8 ul dNTPS 32 ul Hz 0 Lul Pwo T
Ppt, pellul resuspend in 82 ul H20 10 ul 10x #2 33°C 0/N Read and understood by me 4 ul Bam Date Also Jug PQE70 in 40 ul Spn
J'

Residence of Folspa Bam Recorded 50ml Josa Asp2 Spa Bam Recorded 50ml Josa Asp2 Spa Bam Recorded 50ml Josa Asp2 Spa Bam Recorded 50ml Jacobian Lacidenthy laded these fragments back on a get - Cut out 5 hold 2012 Denulsan frage Le Court out 5 hout 5 hold 2012 Denulsan frage Le Court out 5 hold 2012 De			
Asp2 Spn Bern Remapered in Squl Josa Asp2S - the Deg has 2 nt diletions per J. Slighten laccidently leaded these fragments back on a gel - Cest out & hold & 12 Denution frage? Leant of frage by OD Asp2/Spn Bern = 3500 ful pQE 70/Spn Bern = 15ng ful igation Dog Asp2 = 2 rd Yong Asp2 = 2 rd You higher higher higher Plate 200 rd on AB Arry Into (MISPRES) Plate 200 rd on AB Arry Into (MISPRES) Plate 200 rd on AB Arry Into (MISPRES) No Inserts No Inserts No Inserts No Inserts Part Again wy the PCR 100ng Asp2 pp DNA 3.1.2 ful dNIPS 8 OKheyye 5	Run 170 prep gel - See p. 149		
Jose Asp2S - the way have 2 nt dilutions per I Sightern laccidently leaded these fragments back on a get - Cent out & hold & 4'c Denulian frage by OD. Asp2/Spn-Barn = 35 ng ful pQE 70/Spn-Barn = 15 ng ful igntion: Denulian frage by OD. Asp2-2-2 d 90 ng pQE 20: le le 16°C 0/W 103 tauffer 1 higher 1 H2O - 2 Note 12 d To DH5, because of the higher of efficiency them Ra transform later into (MISpREBs) Plate 200 on AB. Amp Into Q x to for the weekend Only le CFU - Pick & PCR wy Spn Barn PCR primers No Inserts Sart Again wy the PCR 100 ng Asp2 pc DNB 3.1: Jul dNTPs 8 102 page 1 2.70 Spn 1.5 2.70 Spn 1.5 2.70 Spn 1.5 2.70 Spn 1.5 Pool Dute	1). 1: (50.0	
Jose Asp2S - the way have 2 nt dilutions per I Sightern laccidently leaded these fragments back on a get - Cent out & hold & 4'c Denulian frage by OD. Asp2/Spn-Barn = 35 ng ful pQE 70/Spn-Barn = 15 ng ful igntion: Denulian frage by OD. Asp2-2-2 d 90 ng pQE 20: le le 16°C 0/W 103 tauffer 1 higher 1 H2O - 2 Note 12 d To DH5, because of the higher of efficiency them Ra transform later into (MISpREBs) Plate 200 on AB. Amp Into Q x to for the weekend Only le CFU - Pick & PCR wy Spn Barn PCR primers No Inserts Sart Again wy the PCR 100 ng Asp2 pc DNB 3.1: Jul dNTPs 8 102 page 1 2.70 Spn 1.5 2.70 Spn 1.5 2.70 Spn 1.5 2.70 Spn 1.5 Pool Dute	Asn 2 I Spn - Bam	thuspend of Jan	
laccidently leaded these fragments back on a get - Cert out E hold & d'c Denuclean frage) Le conc. of frages by OD Asp2/spn-Bam = 35 ng ful pQE 70/spn-Bam = 15 ng ful ignation: 3 P Toy Asp2-2/20 Gong pQED-6 6 16°C 0/N 10x buffer 1 higher 1 H20 - Z Note TF DH5 because of the higher of efficiency - Then Re transform later into (MI5pRETs) Plate 200 pl on AB Amp In @ r.t Ja the weekend Only 6 Cru - Pick = PCR w/ Spn Bum PCR primers No closents No closents No closents Start Again w/ the PCR 100 ng Asp2pDNA3.12/pl dNTPs 2.70 Spn 15 2.70 Spn 15 2.70 Spn 15 2.70 Bam 15 15 Ciptus Pwo Date		1. A. I.	
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Deniction frage by OD Acp2/Spn-Born = 35 ng ful pQE 70/Spn-Born = 15 ng ful igation: Tong Acp2 = 2 rd Gong Acp2 =	I accidently leaded these pragment	a back on a gel-	Cut out E
Deniction frage by OD Acop / Grage by OD Acop / Spn-Barn = 35 ng ful pQE 70/Spn-Barn = 15 ng ful igation: The Acop = 15 ng ful igation: The Acop = 15 ng ful igation: The Acop = 1 Had - 2 Note = 1/2 ul The DHS because of the higher of efficiency - When Retransform later into (MISPRERS) Plate 200 pl on AB-Amp Into Q r.t for the weekend Only 6 CFU - Pick & PCR w/ Spn Burn PCR primers. Po Acop = 10 pl 12 No Inserts. Sart Again w/ the PCR 100 ng Asp 2 p DNA 3.1. ful dNIPS 8 10 No Inserts. Read and understood by me Pwo 1 Date	hold@4°	<u> </u>	
igation: 3 P They Asp2=2, 10 90 of poeto: 6 10x buffer 1 higher 1 HzO - Z Note 1 To DH5, because of the higher of efficiency then Re transform later into (M15 pREPs) Plate 200, 1 en LB: Amp Into Cr. to the weekend Only 6 Cru - Pick & PCR w/ Spn. Bum PCR primers Pro Ass 2 2 poeto No Inaerts No Inaerts Start Again w/ the PCR 100 of Asp2 pc DUA 3.12 ful dNTPs 8 10x buffer 5 2.70 Spn. 1.5 2.70 Date			-
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Tong Asp2=2, 10 90 ng pqED=6 10x buffer 1 higher 1 H2O - Z Note 1 DH5, because of the higher of efficiency Then Re transform later into (M15 pREPs) Plate 200, 10 en LB. Amp Into 2 v.t for the weekend Only 6 CFU - Pick & PCR w/ Spn. Bum PCR primers No Inaerts No Inaerts Start Again w/ the PCR 100 ng Asp 2 pc DUA 3.12 ful dNTPs 8 10x buffer 5 2.70 Spn. 1.5 2.70 Bam 1.5 Pwo 1 Date	Asoz/Son-Bam = 35 ng/ul		
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90 ng pQED= 6 le 16°C of N 10 higher 1 higher 1 HzO - 2 Note 1 TF DH5, because of the higher of efficiency - then Re transform later into (MI5pREPs) Plate 200 nl on LB. Amp Int @ r. t for the weekend Only 6 CFU - Pick = PCR w/ Spn. Bum PCR primers. No Inserts 1 Part Again w/ the PCR 100 ng Asp 2pc DNA 3.12 /nl dNTPs 8 101 buffer 5 x 2 2.70 Spn 1.5 2.70 Spn 1.5 Read and understood by mc Pwo 1 Date			
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Note 1/20 - 2 Note 1	9000 00FD=6	6 16°C	COIN
Note 1/2 nl TF DH5, because of the higher of efficiency - Then Re transform later into (MI5pREPs) Plate 200 nl B. Amp Inc @ v. t Ja Lucukend Only 6 CFU - Pick & PCR w/ Spn. Bam PCR primers. No Inserts. Jart Again w/ the PCR 100ng Asp 2 pc DNA 3. 12 /nl dNTPs 8 100 long 1 5 2.70 Spn 1.5 2.70 Spn 1.5 2.70 Bam 1.5 Read and understood by me Pwo 1 Date	10x buffer 1		
Note 1/2 nl TF DH5, because of the higher of efficiency - Then Re transform later into (M15 pREPs) Plate 200 nl B. Amp Inc @ r. t Ja Lucukend Only 6 CFU - Pick & PCR w/ Spn. Bam PCR primers. No Inserts. Start Again w/ the PCR 100 ng Asp 2 pc DNA 3.12 /nl dNTPs 8 100 long 15 2.70 Spn 1.5 2.70 Spn 1.5 Read and understood by me Pwo 1 Date	higase !		
Retransform later into (MISPREPS) Plate 200 on AB. Amp Inc @ v.t for the weekend Dry b CFU - Pick & PCR w/ Spn. Bam PCR primers Pro Asp 2 pOE 70 2.70 Spn 1.5 2.70 Spn 1.5 Read and understood by me Pwo Date	H ₂ O		
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Dough & CFU - Pick & PCR w/ Spn. Bam PCR primers No chaests No chaests No chaests No primers 184101112 ANTPS 8 10X8444 5 x 2 2-70 Spn 1.5 2-70 Bam 1.5 Scylla Read and understood by me Pwo Date	DI + 200 P. And I	or or t To the	verkend
Double CFU - Pick & PCR w/ Sph. Barn PCR primers No Inserts Sart Again w/ the PCR 100ng Asp 2 pc DNA 3.12 Jul dNTPs 8 10x buffer 5 2-70 Sph. 1.5 2-70 Sph. 1.5 Read and understood by me Pwo Date			9. A. 2. 05-4
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Pwo Date	No Inserts. DOP 10000 F	so Zoc DNA 3.1. Jul	
2-70-Spin 1-5 2-70-Bam 1-5 Sciplia Read and understood by me Pwo Date	Start Hydra wy Kin LER 10019 1	dNTPs 8	
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The same of the sa			

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	noce pQF70: 5 uq	5		
	Bam			<u></u>
	Spon	2		
			2 20 TEM	
	H,O	31 Hsp	2Pm PQETO	
0	0 0 0			
~ me (e	P 37°C 0/N			
n	·			
the purify	W/ geneclean			
Conclus OD >	pa E 70/Spn-Bam = pro Asp 2/" =	40ng/x		
9	no Asp 2/ " =	20ng/1	Anna à ye	
	1 1/	0/		
Ligations: 2	ulpQE70-80ng			
1	L IDX			
	ul ligase			
6,	ul pro Asp Z			- :
T(DII6	7 1 DI+: 700	1 17 1015	·	·
1+ DH3 W/	Zul. Plate 200 jul	in LBFAMP		
	T). 1 11/2		1	
1 11		tile & DCX	w/ HSp2(2-	<u>5) / </u>
Ligh back go	und. Pick 14C	, .		
Digh back gro produce @	und. Pick 14 C ~440bp product			<u> </u>
Digh backgro- produce @	und. Pick 14 C ~ 440 pp product	,		•
		,		•
Produce @ : Asp2 (2.5)		,	he primer pa included	•
		Control 1 Lon PCR		•
: Aspz (2.5)	Nice Neg Chose	Control 1 Lon PCR	he primer pa included	ir Il In Tr
: Aspz (2.5)	Nice Neg Chose :. 4h Repro	Control 1 for PCR Use CFUS Using	he primer pa included may not	ir Il In Tr
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: Aspz (2.5)	Nice Nea Chose Pepia	Control 1 Lon PCR Le CFUS Lucing 12.70-Bam 2-70-Spm	he primer pa included may not 2-70-Spn E Z	ir Il Lhe Tr be reg -70-Bean
: Asp2 (2.5)	Nice Nea Chose Pepias Pro Asp 2 p Q E 7	Control 1 Lon PCR Le CFUS Lucing 12.70-Bam 2-70-Spm	the primer pa included may not 2-70-Sph & Z faint bang lnoc 5. wy #6, #	ir Il Lhe Tr be reg -70-Bean
: Aspz (2.5)	Nice Nea Chose Pepias Pro Asp 2 p Q E 7	Control 1 Lon PCR Le CFUS Lucing 12.70-Bam 2-70-Spm 70	he primer pa included may not 2-70-Spn E Z	ir Il Lhe Th be reg -70-Bean

Work up std. alkaline lipis min	prepa from 1'2 mls. Resuspend
in 100pl Hzo	1 0
Lot digist 5ul w/	Pro Asp Zp QE 70 mp
(epsl 10x #2	19.44 T. 10.44
	15@3)°C
2 ul Barn HI	
45 MH 20 1	
# 6 looks of Tf M15(pREP) 20	
on 18+ Amp + 25 ingfal Kan. In	(P 37°C OIN
7//~	7
ck 4 CFy & moc 5 ml LB+Amp	Kan OIN
lnoc 10ml hB+ Amp+Kan wy 500 pl	
Grown 2 hrs to O.D 0.5-6.7	7 / /
To 1 0.555 co/me)	
70 / 0.555 copme) 2 0.57 collet 1 3 0.741	100 - Store @ -20°C
	•
Add TDTI I I M & C. I.	Drunger @ 37° C. Measure op @
- .	But E 31 C. I down of C
Zhes T ₂ 1 1.118	Ty 1. 1.386
2 1.144 \ pilet 100	2. 1.434 pulled 100 E
3 1.267 Store -20°C	3. 1.464 Store @ -20°C
4 1.177	4. 1.275
esuspend 100 equivs in 65,01 Et/SDS	. A 100°C Z". Add Z5ul Novex 4x S.B.E.
10 jul reducing agent D 70°C 10'	
Run a 15 will NuPAGE gradient	gel - looding the Sul was very difficult
du to Stringy viscosity (DNA?) St	tain get in Collodial blue
nothing jumps right out & the	A 100°C Z". Add Z5ul Novex 4x S.B.E. gul -looding the 5ul was very difficult tain gul in Collodial blue - loads Deem Light.
1 - 1 - 11 - 1	32587 = 31
For further analysis See	36 - 30 · 1 · - D. 31 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Read and understood by me	Date
read and understood by inc	
	SW.
···· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Transfection of Sfg cems with Asp 2 DTM (Twom Bienkoski's 1916)
1) Use 2 × 10° St? Ceus for transfection.
12) Add of Ms of virus WA and 2 Ms of Mansfer Dala.
3, Inentate at 27°c for 4 hr.
4. Add 4 ml. of Two medium and I ceep at 27°c for 5 more days.
Transfection Stock was hervested and labeled this morning and it was stored at 4°C.
I did plagne assent today with 6 dilutions of the transfection stock. The plates were kept at 27°C from 6 to 10 more clays.
Tive clones were picked up and 5 ml of TDM medium was added into each clone. They will culture from 3 days at 27°C.
The 1st Amp Stock was harvested and labeled this
I did 2 nd Amp fodgy and it were kept at 27°C Read and understood by me 5. K Rockenbach Date

m m

for 64 m.
Howested all 5 chones this morning. They were labeled as 2 nd Amp stocks and stored at 4'c. Mike Count over to picked up both pelsets & sups of all 5 chones for assay.
Mike sent me a note sevil. There is no sipre- ssion in all 5 clones. He asked to repeat the small infection in the serum free medium, he will assay them again.
Jerome Gold me that after small infection in the serum free medium, Mike Chose clone #1 for making a 100 ml of peop.
Read and understood by me 5. K. Roelunbach Date

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j		
	Expression Analysis of BVES-Hu AspZLATM	
1	Rispore: I previously andysed the amplytical scale s/9 all	
	infection w/ pVL1393/HuDAsp2LATMand concluded that	
	1) Whet toget prolein is secretal into the medium.	
	Experimentals	
	More detailed analysis of the Conditioned Westinia	
	Inspection of the WB's of the concentrated conditioned medium	
	I'd reveal a Deakly Staved bound @ ~ 65kDa that did not agree	
-	in the of 9 curbol (la though this man have been due to variable	
	any secretal Asple STM. February to and flee	
-	ASPOLATM content of the medium man by too low to readily detet	
-	by WB analysis, I bearded to fractionate the CM.	
.	The protein content of the conditioned medium was quantified using	
į	The FloRad method and the reachts we summarzed Below, 0	
[CM Sample A515 (25pl) jugget Total (mg)	
	Sf9 control 0.135 0.18 8.1	
<u> </u>	A-NPY-CDK5-3 0.132 0.17 7-3	ë :
ļ.	Hu Asp2LDTM 0.119 0.16 7.2	·
	20ml alignets of ACNPV-CDG-3 and the Application conductions	i.
-	resulted if some ppt so the solutions were clarified by centragations	: - . :
ĺ	(3000 Fpm/15) 4 the protein assay repeated 0 0	ļ: ·
	Sample Suspinsion Super	ļ.
	ACNPV-CDK5-3 0.119/0.16/my/nl/35ma, total 0.041/0.00/m/s/13mg	1
	ACNPY-CDKS-3 0.119/0.16 mg/nl/3.5 mg total 0.041/0.00pg/1.3ml Hu Asp21 STM 0.092/0.13 mg/ne/2.8 mg total 0.039/0.06pg/1.3ml	Y
-	Read and understood by me Dife	
: ·		
+		100 H

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Based on the profess assure the corners dollars list in
based on the posterious supporter cerosing following distypinions
1.10/00/02 1340 5 = 279
ACNPV-CDK5-3 1.3mg/3.5mg ×100 = 37%
Hu Asp215TM 1.3mg/3.2mg ×100 = 40%
The clarified superintants were chromatographed on monos Column educhbrated in 25mMNaOAc (4.5)) as follows
FR=1.0ml/m.n
Sample Loid = 27 mls Elution 0 -> 100 26 B, 50 where A= 25 m UN a OAc (4.5) B = 11 / 100 Nacl The elution profile was montarel @ 280 met (0.05 MuF5) a 1.0 ml fractors were collected for further analysis.
B= 11 / Now Nace
the eletin profile was non fored@ 200 ntm (0.05MLFS) a 1.0 ml
partition for the analysis.
No. 15 pl samples were taken for Nultate gel analyze as usual.
-> X and a
-> 1x Looding buffer + DT + sample 101 look 4-12% gadut
-> X MES P. R / ET. 90/035V
-> X MERS /ET, 90'035V
-> WB - 1000 dil UP191 TB#4
- 1/200 del F-XR-PP) - NOT/BCIP
A second gel (WB was run (bacedon the first yels) to reausly ge
0 0 [
1. CHO ASPL #5 (20) 5. WONOS 412 9. CM (cd 25) Combrol 2 CM -BVES ASP2LOTM 6. 1. #14 0 H45)
3 " " pH4.5 7. " " 16
4 Mono S # 10 B CM (cdk5) cont
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Alyouts of conditional medium obtained from sf 9 cell infections we would have by containing the top DI DIM or a control ame (Cak5-3) were analysed for the presence of Asp 25TM potenis, here a after afternation raphy on Moto S. Dialysis of the conditional Directions organist Nacht languar pt 4.5 July Del to protein ppt of ~ 23 of the original broadley of Supernature was traction ted by Moro Schrone too raphy of the electron problem was tocally a A280 mm absorbande of the electron problem was tocally as A280 mm absorbande of the electron problem was to supplied similar belianor, summing the below of the conditions of the conditions. Both CM samples should similar belianor, summing the large A280 millioned from a Morio S.

To defermine which fractions contained top2, aliquits were analyzed by WB analysis attre vesults are summarried baclow:

* similar A²⁹⁰ finger pritts during the godent

(*Conditioned Medium ~45kDe immunoreactive bund)* Dialyed CM (Super) ~43kD is n *PPT (from Dialypi — blank

& Monas column factions - maybe immore certaity in #12

Dand (immuno reactive) 5, ze decreased to Howing dedysis -

2 Analysis & BUBCIM ASPILOTM > immunoreactive bound 52kDa that is not is not is going away & BUBCIM ASPILOTM /pt4.5 -> immunoreactive bound of - 50kDa, but timbe O'lossinisin much lighter than before (not in a control) L'Olack of come on coli * Africat immunoreactive bound in #12/14

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Continued Analyse of Bili	3-Hu <u>Asp</u> ZI	STM Co.	Stone U	redine
Continued Analyses			Carlana	·
Purpose To determine of exchange chromatogs pH would be a sens, el-	surficetion	will bar a	thustrale	يدو <u>ل</u>
of would be a sens, el	- Thategy	·		·
Experimental	O			
The starting unterial for	<u> </u>	مرارده والمر	Qon 00 110-1	12 (both
the Aso 2L STM and cold	5 controls "	elderengen	1 warry us	- (-
A each Cu sample in	were dialy	3 d aga	inst the	25 WLD
holed following dulips			- fle De	(151)
quantified blaced of	tex cultry) Jatins	(Booorpu	<u>. () 18') </u>
	- NSK-/			
<u>Sample</u>	ASS.	- hatel	toblyg	
BUES-ASPLATM CM-delyste	0.136	0.18	4,050 3,600	450 pg
H II Super	0.121	0.16		70
BUES-COKE CM-dalysale	0.122	0.15	3,750	250 pg
	<u> </u>			′ ()
The claritud supernation	at ab tame	l following	dulyais /	contrafugato
was chromatographed	1 a Mono Q	Caluma	Sude Athe	- Lalla Dang
-load - 22m	I soloul/	min w/ 251	MMTRU-HCL	(8.0)
- Wash wy	25 MM TRK-1	1.0 (RO) U	4 + 1 A 280 V	educul
- Elute W	1 a 30' gra	Lent from	0->1.0m Na	(lui
25 m W T	4-1	1	Azonni (o	14ufg)
- Elition	1 Individe		ins.	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
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	The second secon
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	wige/wBAnalysis:
	- ONCE a Son de
	Algorita of various tractions were taken for Nut Host a good
	WBO custo a fraction collector was \$17. There word
	porton Alle Column fraction Also, in the case of the pH 80 ppt
	The Deterial (h o disting protein by difference) was resuspended
	1 0.45 nl dH20
	Vane Sunde-all Sande-lel
	CMBVES-Hultsp21 JTM 8
	2 dulysdem (pH8) 1625 pl sample Ha 25 pl
	3 - PA 113 - AX 113 + 25 px 121 - 1
	5VoI
	13
	7 5
	8 6
	9 STDI
	Following electrophoresis (2001, ~45') the get was electroble Healto
	PDVF (1354, 90') a immunoreactive material visualized query
	UP-191-TB# 4 as usual (1000 blup191-TB-#4 / 12500 GICR (AP))
) #
	(iii) low pH Treatment of Fraction U
	The protein content 1#10 #11 = #12 was detormined using the BioRad Assay, 8 pl Beach fraction was run on a 670 Nuplate get ovisually of BioRad Assay, 8 pl Beach fraction was run on a 670 Nuplate get arrival.
	R.D. D. Assaw, Bul Deach fraction was run on a 670 Nuplack groce issuary
	The sold and and and total (220 pas) allower
	(436)
	Houl I # 11 was world will by 1.6 m NaOAc (45) and manback of a log North of 200
	Houl I #11 was ented with the 1.0 m Nathe CAS and that sold of the gel as 40°C. This material was then run in deplicate on a 10% Nultake gel as 14°C. This material was then run in deplicate on a 10% Nultake gel as the transfer do statued viAb.
	usuallreducing) a 12. Heave stand by silver a 12-transfered a statued v 1Ab.
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Results:

T previously showed ashift in the Mr of immuno reactive ASPIL ATM derived from the Conditioned medium of BVES infection upon acid hadron to pH 4.5. Since this material appeared was table (and hadron to pH 4.5. Since this material appeared was table (immunor eactive band to profit the proform a activate near the walk better to partially purely the proform a activate near the walk for this reason, and about I the BHES CM from top 21 ATM was exchanged w/ 25 mM trustel (pH8.0), chromatographed on Wond & the electron profile morn tored by the absorbance & WB analysis.

Dialysis of the CM caused among ppt of protein (10%) after clarified super was fractionated by Dianion exchange chromatograph of considerable amount of material did not bound to the column of the vo. a there was no detectable immune reactive undersal in the vo. Gradient elution with a steep Nacl gradient (0->1.0M, 30') these very limit between 0->0.5M Nacl. WB analysis of these fractions revealed a strong concentration of immune reactive water of the expected Missing fractions.

1 1.>> 10/12, well separated from the hilk of the Assabsorbing timpic ties. (Note that a shallowed gradient windth improve the resolution). This immune reactive wateral corresponded wy and 2000 me peak eluting @ - 0.3M Nacl.

revealed a delationly simple pattern of polypephological it was of clear from comparison with the imbundant of the same fractions. Heart which bound corresponded (intensity a polytion (Mr).) I man altered to repoduce the observation of activation in the audient of the products visualized by both s, her stam a LIB the solver stamed all showed a smear value than a discrete band in both #11 a stamed all showed a smear value than a discrete band in both #11 a the ptd Sa a number of additional changes. Alternatively the Western blot showed a discrete reduction in the observed Mr. The ptd S treated sample, consistent in part of the NHz-lemmak.

AP Western blots of Baculovirus clones Probed UP-191 (Asp2) TB#4@1:1000

Aso 2 AspZS His	Asp 2SDTH His
1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 kDc -185	4512345
- 48	
-31 -19	₩ ₩-31
-a, 6-3-2 *	

#2's -> Scale up

TF lightims wy Aspzatmi Aspzath His/p/Z
These Constructs were made by cutting pVL1393 ATM & ATM ILS W/Bam + Not (See p. 87-90) & inserting into p12/15-UIS put using Vector 15 or His
Dign Lives (H5) have been in culture in SF High Five media + Dentamycin for 6 passages à are behaving ricely
Disladge alla into media, pipet vigorously écount. Seed ~2 x 10° alls/ 60 nm disn
- Plete 1 dish for each of 3 transient time points (24, 48 hr. 5day) and 2 for Stables // Construct plus lipisome only
-Rock gently for ~3 mins het cells attach for ~20 mins -Prepare TF Tragme: Implies media 5 re 10 mg DNA ATM & DTM HIS for lach 20 rel vensecho plus Vorden 10 sec. 5et at r + ~ 15 mins
Vorley 10 Sec, Set at rt ~ 15 mins. - Remove media from platea - Add DNA/Liposomes dropures. Rock@rt (2)min) for 4/2 hrs - Add 2ml Struction - Inc w/ web paper towels in Scaled bag.
- Varvest 24 he time points - pipet cella inter media to loosen. Spin 1.5K 5 mins to pellet the cells Narvest the
Spin 1.5K 5 mins to pellet the cells bruest the Culture media e cella Deparately. Store@-20°C
- Hervest 48 hr Jime points as above - Add Zeoun Deliction to Stables: remove media from 2x60mm dishes for each Construct. Resuspendin 10 me
Allow the Cells to esit down ~ 30 min rt. Pernove media i replace my SF media + 400 mg/ml Zeocin
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- Verwest 4 1/2 day (108 hr) time pounts Run a 4-12% NuPAGE wy 26 ul media (from 3 times / 2 constructo) 10 ul 4x NuPAGE SR 4 ul reductant
Run a 4-12% NuPAGE W/ 26 Ml media (from 3 times /2 constructo)
10 pl 4x NuPAG & SR
4 ul reductant
Stain wy collectial blue > no bands in media only control
(The Conditioned media from all samples show a
(the Conditioned media from all samples show a ladder of bands - one of the darkest bands in the samples &
one that seems to intensify with time is running @' 52 kDa - Western is in order
52 kDa - Western is in order
- Referd Selection plates - mass Killing evident
D - 1 - 0 ax (1 - a los State la 1 los Dune
Pun sample gel exactly as above. Electroblat Ihr. Probe PVDF membrane w/ UPIGI (Asp2) @ 1:1000. Develop via AP. The 52 kDa band is possive!!! Selver Stain of the
The 524D had a senting 11 Sheet Stain of the
transfer de la Shavis de possenti : Situat statu grandis de la lista de la la lista de la la lista de la
transferred gel Shows unever transfer: The this tagged
versions seem to be expressing very will too
108 hrs is the best of the 3 time points.
Referd Zeoun Selection plates
Refud Zeoan " - pockets of adherant cells evident
HJB refed once while I was gone. There are thousands.
of sparsy placed single cells attached cellower the
Plates _ no Loci dident. (Val Ruff 047252 is
of Sparsty placed single cells attached cellover the plates— no foci evident. (Val Ruff 04.7252 is doing a Stable transfection in parallel & sees they
Dame thing - even on her liposome (no DNA) plates)
is I think we may not have achieved complete
Killing of Presistant Cells: Split 1:2 -> 40 gug for Les
Lame thing — even on her (iposome (no DNA) plates) i. I think we may not have achieved complete Killing of Fresistant cells: Split 1:2 — 400 mg/ml Zeo Hosting 100 m both 400 6 600 Cultures where we have been serviced.
There are the second of the se
On advice from Invitrogen tech. rep. remove selection & allow
foci to forth.
Add 25 media w/o antibiotic to selection dishes
Toss dushes Read and understood by me

Large Scale Fransient ligh Live Transfection
Plate 5 x 100mm dished for each Construct: p12 Asp20TH
Cells: 6 x 10 dian media: 3 ml SF medic + gentamycin DNA: 30 rg (DTM: DTM HIS) Insection Plus: 60 rel
Plate cella, rock 3 min. het cells attach for ~20 mins Combine media + DNA + liposomes vortey. Inc@r.t 15 min Add dropwise to plates. Rock 2 rpms 4 hrs
Add lend SF media. Store@r.t on wet paper Jowels MJB to harvest@41/2 days.
Mike E Monica report tons of protein is being expressed & Decreted into the media.
2nd Large Scale Francient (~4×107 cells/confluent TISO) Scale up to 150mm dishes × 20
rells: 1.2 x107 media: 12ml SF media + gentamupin (bnl for transfection) DNA: 60μq (AspZATM HIS) liposomes: 120μl Insectin Plus
Still dividing & happy
Put 25 grafford Zeo on one of the 150mm dishes (to select Stables). Defeed up 250 mg/ml Zeo Norvest 250 ml transient conditioned media - Monica for purification
Monica reports B-secretare substrate activity - Read and understood by me Date